		ABINGDON PRIMARY SCHOOL –					
			F	SHE Progression of Knowled	ge		
CURRICULUM AREA	FS	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4		
VOCABULARY Each year group should be revisiting previous year groups' vocabulary and then introducing the new vocabulary.	<u>Rights and</u> <u>Responsibilities</u> Rules Respect	<u>Rights and</u> <u>Responsibilities</u> Rules Responsibility Respect	<u>Rights and</u> <u>Responsibilities</u> Rules Responsibility Respect Rights	<u>Rights and Responsibilities</u> Duties	<u>Rights and Responsibilities</u> Duties		
Vocabulary for the SRE/DAE are the topic titles for each unit.	<u>Money</u> Money	<u>Money</u> Money Spending Saving	<u>Money</u> Money Spending Saving	<u>Money</u> Profession Jobs Achievements Enterprising	<u>Money</u> Profession Jobs Achievements Enterprising		
	<u>Identity</u> Special	<u>Identity</u> Special Differences	<u>Identity</u> Independence	<u>Identity</u> Independence	<u>Identity</u> Diversity Customs		
	Feelings and Friendship Feelings Behaviour Consequences Anti-bullying	Similarities <u>Feelings and Friendship</u> Emotions Anti-bullying	<u>Feelings and Friendship</u> Secrets Surprises Bullying	Feelings and Friendship Secrets Surprises Bullying Anti-bullying	<u>Feelings and Friendship</u> Anti-bullying Social Media Compromise Negotiating		
	<u>Health</u> Hand washing	<u>Health</u> Hand washing Healthy eating	Anti-Bullying <u>Health</u> Hand washing Healthy eating Hygiene	<u>Health</u> Balanced diet	<u>Health</u> Puberty		
	<u>Safety and Risk</u> Safe Unsafe	<u>Safety and Risk</u> Online, cycle and road safety	<u>Safety and Risk</u> Online, cycle and road safety	<u>Safety and Risk</u> Local community	<u>Safety and Risk</u> Risk Danger Hazard		



YEAR 5

<u>Rights and</u> <u>Responsibilities</u> Discrimination

<u>Money</u> Consumer

Identity Community Volunteer

Feelings and Friendship

Anti-bullying Social Media Compromise Negotiating

<u>Health</u>

Drugs Alcohol

Social Media

YEAR 6

<u>Rights and</u> <u>Responsibilities</u> Human Rights

<u>Money</u>

Debt Tax Loan

<u>Identity</u>

Community Volunteer

Feelings and Friendship

Anti-bullying Marriage Civil Partnership

<u>Health</u>

Physical, emotional and mental health

Safety and Risk Wellbeing

	ELG:Self-confidence and	How do we decide how to	How can we help?	What are we responsible	Children will recap over	What does discrimination	What are human rights?
		behave?	Group and class rules and	for?	the previous year's	mean?	What are numar rights: Why and how laws are
	self-awareness	Class rules; respecting	why they are important;	Responsibilities; rights	learning objectives.	Actions can affect self and	-
	-To develop the	others' needs; behaviour;	respecting own and	and duties at home; in		others; discrimination,	making and changing
	confidence to try new	listening; feelings and	others' rights and need;	school and the local		teasing and bullying;	rules; importance of
	activities and say why	bodies can be hurt	privacy; looking after the	environment; how actions		stereotypes; differences	human rights; rights of
	they like some activities	-To contribute to the life	environment	affect self and others		and similarities between	the child; right to protect
	more than others.	of the classroom and	-To contribute to the life	-To recognise that they		people; equalities	their bodies (including
	-To choose the	school	of the classroom and	have different kinds of		-To realise the nature and	FGM or forced marriage);
	resources they need for	-To help construct, and	school	responsibilities, rights and		consequences of	confidentiality and when
	, their chosen activities.	agree to follow, group,	-To help construct, and	duties at home, at school,		discrimination, teasing,	to break a confidence
	-To develop the	class and school rules and	agree to follow, group,	in the community and		bullying and aggressive	-To know where to get
	confidence to speak in a	to understand how these	class and school rules and	towards the environment;		behaviours (including	advice and report
		rules help them	to understand how these	to continue to develop the		cyber-bullying, use of	concerns if worried about
	familiar group.	-To recognise that their	rules help them	skills to exercise these		prejudice-based language,	their own or
	-To talk about their	behaviour can affect other	-To understand that	responsibilities		'trolling', how to respond	someone else's personal
	ideas.	people	people and other living	-To understand that their		and ask for help)	safety (including online)is
	-To be able to say when	-To recognise what is fair	things have rights and that	actions affect themselves		-To understand how to	available to people who
	they do or don't need	and unfair, kind and	everyone has	and others		recognise bullying and	are worried about this for
Living in the Wider World	help.	unkind, what is right and	responsibilities to protect those rights (including			abuse in all its forms (including prejudice-	themselves or others -To recognise the
skill one:		wrong -To listen to other people	protecting others' bodies			based bullying both in	importance of self-respect
Rights and Responsibilities		and play and work	and feelings; being able to			person, online and	and how this can affect
Rights and Responsibilities		cooperatively (including	take turns, share and			through social media)	their
		strategies to resolve	understand the need to			-To understand that	thoughts and feelings
		simple arguments through				differences and similarities	
		negotiation)	been borrowed)			between people arise	everyone, including them,
		-To offer constructive	To understand what			from a number of factors,	should
		support and feedback to	improves and harms their			including family, cultural,	expect to be treated
		others	local, natural and built			ethnic, racial and religious	politely and with respect
		-To understand that	environments and develop			diversity, age, sex, gender	by others (including when
		people's bodies and	strategies and skills			identity, sexual	online
		feelings can be hurt	needed to care for these			orientation, and disability	and/or anonymous) in
		(including what makes	(including conserving			(see 'protected	school and in wider
		them feel comfortable	energy			characteristics' in the	society; strategies to
		and uncomfortable)	-To understand what is			Equality Act 2010) '	improve or
		-To recognise when	meant by 'privacy'; their			-To recognise and	support courteous,
		people are being unkind	right to keep things			challenge stereotypes	respectful relationships
		either to them or others,	'private'; the importance			-To learn about the	-To learn about respecting
		how to respond, who to	of respecting others'			difference between, and	the differences and
		tell and what to say	privacy			the terms associated with,	similarities between
							people and recognising
							what they have in

	-To begin to experiment	What can we do with	Children will recap over	What jobs would we like?	Children will recap over	sex, gender identity and sexual orientation	common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background -To listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own -To know how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with
Living in the Wider World skill two: Money	and become familiar with money through role play.	money? Where money comes from; spending; saving; keeping money safe -To understand that money comes from different sources and can be used for different purposes, including the concepts of spending and saving -To learn about the role money plays in their lives including how to keep it safe, choices about spending or saving money and what influences those choices	the previous year's learning objectives.	What is meant by stereotypes; what it means to be enterprising; working collaboratively to the shared goals; recognise achievements and set targets -To recognise and challenge stereotypes -To learn what is meant by enterprise and begin to develop enterprise skills -To work collaboratively towards shared goals -To reflect on and celebrate their achievements, identify their strengths and areas for improvement, set high aspirations and goals	the previous year's learning objectives.	money? About the role of money; ways of managing money; being a critical consumer; that images in the media do not necessarily reflect reality - To learn about the role money plays in their own and others' lives, including how to manage their money and being a critical consumer - To recognise how images in the media (and online) do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves What makes us enterprising? Different ways of achieving and celebrating personal goals; high aspirations; growth mind- set; setting up an	Finance and its role in people's lives; being a critical consumer; what is meant by interest, loan, debt, tax; how resources are allocated and how this affects individuals, communities and the environment; research and debate health and wellbeing issues L13. about the role money plays in their own and others' lives, including how to manage their money and about being a critical consumer -To develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. their contribution to society through the payment of VAT)

						enterprise; what enterprise means for work and society -To reflect on and celebrate their achievements, identify their strengths and areas for improvement, set high aspirations and goals -To learn what is meant by enterprise and begin to develop enterprise skills -To work collaboratively towards shared goals	-To understand that resources can be allocated in different ways and that these economic choices affect individuals, communities and the sustainability of the environment across the world
Living in the Wider World skill three: Identity	-To be able to say what makes them special.	What makes us special? Respecting similarities and differences between people; special people; that everyone is unique; but that everyone has similarities -To identify and respect the differences and similarities between people -To identify their special people (family, friends, carers), what makes them special and how special people should care for one another -To recognise ways in which they are all unique; understand that there has never been and will never be another 'them' -To recognise ways in which we are the same as all other people; what we have in common with everyone else	What is the same and different about us? Recognise what they are good at; set simple goals; growing; and changing and being more independent; - To think about themselves, to learn from their experiences, to recognise and celebrate their strengths and set simple but challenging goals -To learn about the process of growing from young to old and how people's needs change -To learn about growing and changing and new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring -To know the names for the main parts of the body (including external genitalia) and the bodily similarities and differences between boys and girls -To identify and respect the differences and	Children will recap over the previous year's learning objectives.	Who are we? Difference and diversity of people living in the UK; values and customs of people around the world; stereotypes -To appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom -To consider the lives of people living in other places, and people with different values and customs -To recognise and challenge stereotypes	What makes a community? What it means to be in a community; groups and individuals that support the local community; voluntary, community and pressure groups; appreciating the range of identities in the UK; values and customs of people living around the world -To understand what being part of a community means, and about the varied institutions that support communities locally and nationally -To recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing -To appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom -To consider the lives of people living in other places, and people with	Children will recap over the previous year's learning objectives.

	similarities between		different values and	
	people		customs	
	-To understand that they			
	belong to different groups			
	and communities such as			
	family and school			

Relationships	ELG: Managing feelings	How do we feel?	What is bullying?	What can we do about	How can we be a good	Children will recap over	What makes a healthy and
Feelings and friendship	and behaviour	Different kinds of feelings;	Hurtful teasing and	bullying?	friend?	the previous year's	happy relationship?
	-To be able to talk	strategies to manage	bullying is wrong, what to	Recognising bullying; how	Recognise wider range of	learning objectives.	Different relationships;
	about how they and	feelings; change and loss	do about bullying; unsafe	to respond and ask for	feelings in others;		what makes positive;
			secrets; inappropriate	help; people who help	responding to feelings;		healthy relationships;
	others show feelings.	-To learn about good and	touch what to do if it	them stay healthy and	strategies to resolve		recognise when
	-To be able to talk	not so good feelings, a	happens	safe	disputes; negotiation and		relationships are
	about their own	vocabulary to describe	-To understand the	R18. how to recognise	compromise; resolving		unhealthy; committed;
	feelings and can talk	their feelings to others and	difference between	bullying and abuse in all its	differences; feedback		loving relationships
	about their own and	to develop simple	secrets and nice surprises	forms (including prejudice-	- To recognise and		(including marriage, civil
	others' behaviour.	strategies for managing	(that everyone will find	based bullying both in	respond appropriately to a		partnership); human
	-To understand that	feelings	out about eventually) and	person, online and	wider range of feelings in		reproduction
	some behaviour is	-To learn about change	the importance of not	through social media)	others		-To recognise what
		and loss and the	keeping any secret that	H23. about people who are	-To recognise what		constitutes a positive,
	unacceptable and that	associated feelings	makes them feel	responsible for helping	constitutes a positive,		healthy relationship and
	with certain behaviour	(including moving home,	uncomfortable, anxious or	them stay healthy and	healthy relationship and		develop the skills to form
	there are	losing toys, pets or friends)	afraid	safe; how they can help	develop the skills to form		and maintain positive and
	consequences.		-To be able to judge what	these people to keep them	and maintain positive and		healthy relationships
	-To work as part of a		kind of physical contact is	healthy and safe	healthy relationships		-To recognise ways in
	group or a class and		acceptable, comfortable,	How can we describe our	-To develop strategies to		which a relationship can
	they understand and		unacceptable and	feelings?	resolve disputes and		be unhealthy and whom
			uncomfortable and how to	Wider range of feelings;	conflict through		to talk to if they need
	follow the rules.		respond (including who to	conflicting feelings	negotiation and		support
	-To adjust their		tell and how to tell them)	experiences at the same	appropriate compromise		-To recognise different
	behaviour to different		-To be able to recognise	time; describing feelings;	and to give rich and		types of relationship,
	situations and take		different types of teasing	feelings associated with	constructive feedback and		including those between
	changes of routine in		and bullying, to	change; recognising wider	support to benefit others		acquaintances, friends,
	their stride.		understand that these are	range of feelings in	as well as themselves		relatives and families
			wrong and unacceptable	others; responding to	-To be able to resolve		-To understand that civil
			-To develop strategies to	other's feelings	differences by looking at		partnerships and marriage
			resist teasing or bullying, if	-	alternatives, seeing and		are examples of a public
			they experience or witness	understanding of good and	respecting others' points		demonstration of the
	ELG: Making		it, whom to go to and how	not so good feelings, to	of view, making decisions		commitment made
	<u>relationships</u>		to get help	extend their vocabulary to	and explaining choices		between two people who
							love and care for each

г. Г	To play co-operatively	-To learn about people	enable them to explain	\top
	vith others.	who look after them, their	both	
	To take account of one	family networks, who to	-To recognise that they	
	nother's ideas about	go to if they are worried	may experience conflicting	
		and how to attract their	emotions and when they	
	now to organise their	attention	might need to listen to, or	
	ictivity.	-To learn about the ways	overcome these	
	To show sensitivity to	that pupils can help the	To learn about change,	
0	others' needs and	people who look after	including transitions	
fe	eelings.	them to more easily	(between key stages and	
	To form positive	protect them	schools), loss, separation,	
re	elationships with	H15. to recognise that	divorce and bereavement	
a	dults and other	they share a responsibility for keeping themselves	-To be able to recognise	
c	hildren.	and others safe, when to	and respond appropriately to a wider range of	
		say, 'yes', 'no', 'l'll ask' and		
		'I'll tell' including knowing		
		that they do not need to		
		keep secrets		
		How do we show our		
		feelings?		
		Different kinds of		
		feelings; strategies to		
		manage feelings; change		
		and loss; recognising how		
		others are feeling; sharing		
		feelings		
		-To learn about good and		
		not so good feelings, a		
		vocabulary to describe		
		their feelings to others		
		and to develop simple		
		strategies for managing feelings		
		H5. about change and loss		
		and the associated		
		feelings (including moving		
		home,		
		losing toys, pets or		
		friends)		
		-To be able to		
		communicate their		
		feelings to others, to		
		recognise how others		
		show		
		feelings and how to		
		respond		

other and want to spend their lives together and that marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to do so or are not making this decision freely for themselves

	-To learn to wash their	Children will continue to	How can we be healthy?	How can we eat well?	How do we grow and	What choices help health?	What affects our health
	hands at the	learn how to keep healthy	Things that keep bodies	What makes a balanced	change?	What makes a balanced	and wellbeing?
	appropriate times of	through every day	and minds healthy	lifestyle; balanced diet;	Changes that happen at	lifestyle; making choices;	What positively and
	the day.	classroom routines such as:	(activity, rest, food);	making choices; what	puberty; keeping good	what is meant by a habit;	negatively affects health;
	-To understand what	washing hands and healthy	hygiene routines; healthy	influences choices	hygiene; describing	drugs common to	informed choices;
		eating.	choices	-To understand what	intensity of feelings to	everyday life; who helps	balanced lifestyle; how
	makes up a balanced		-To understand what	positively and negatively	others; managing complex		drugs can affect health
	diet.		constitutes, and how to	affects their physical,	emotions; different types	safe	and safety; the law and
			maintain, a healthy	mental and emotional	of relationships; what	-To understand what	drugs; who is responsible
			lifestyle including the benefits of physical	health -To understand how to	makes a healthy relationship (friendship);	positively and negatively affects their physical,	for their health and wellbeing
			activity, rest, healthy	make informed choices	maintaining positive	mental and emotional	-To understand what
			eating and dental health	(including recognising that	relationships; who is	health	positively and negatively
			-To recognise what they	choices can have positive,	responsible for their	-To learn how to make	affects their physical,
			like and dislike, how to	neutral and negative	health and wellbeing; to	informed choices	mental and emotional
			make real, informed	consequences) and to	ask for advice	(including recognising that	health
Health and Wellbeing skill			choices that improve their	begin to understand the	-To recognise that they	choices can have positive,	-To learn how to make
<u>one</u> :			physical and emotional	concept of a 'balanced	may experience conflicting	neutral and negative	informed choices
Health			health, to recognise that	lifestyle'	emotions and when they	consequences) and to	(including recognising that
incatti			choices can have good and	-To recognise	might need to listen to, or	begin to understand the	choices can have positive,
			not so good consequences	opportunities and develop	overcome these	concept of a 'balanced	neutral and negative
			-To understand and	the skills to make their	-To learn about change,	lifestyle'	consequences) and to
			appreciate importance of,	own choices about food,	including transitions	-To understand what is	begin to understand the
			and how to, maintain personal hygiene bout	understanding what might	(between key stages and schools), loss, separation,	meant by the term 'habit' and why habits can be	concept of a 'balanced lifestyle'
			people who look after	influence their choices and	divorce and bereavement	hard to change	-To understand which,
			them, their family	the benefits of eating a	-To understand that	-To learn which, why and	why and how, commonly
			networks, who to go to if	balanced diet	bacteria and viruses affect	how, commonly available	available substances and
			they are worried and how		health and simple routines		drugs (including alcohol,
			to attract their attention		reduce their spread	(including alcohol, tobacco	tobacco and 'energy
			-To understand how some		-To understand how their	and 'energy drinks') can	drinks') can damage their
			diseases are spread and		body will, and their	damage their immediate	immediate and future
			can be controlled; the		emotions may, change as	and future health and	health and safety; that
			responsibilities they have		they approach and move	safety; that some are	some are restricted and
			for their own health and		through puberty	restricted and some are	some are illegal to own,
			that of others; to develop				use and give to others

			simple skills to help		-To learn about people	illegal to own, use and	-To learn about people
			prevent diseases spreading		who are responsible for	give to others	who are responsible for
					helping them stay healthy	-To learn about people	helping them stay healthy
					and safe; how they can		and safe; how they can
					_	who are responsible for	
					help these people to keep	helping them stay healthy	help these people to keep
					them healthy and safe	and safe; how they can	them healthy and safe
					-To be able to recognise	help these people to keep	
					what constitutes a	them healthy and safe	
					positive, healthy	-To understand and	
					relationship and develop	recognise that their	
					the skills to form and	actions affect themselves	
					maintain positive and	and others	
					healthy relationships		
					-To be able to recognise		
					different types of		
					relationship, including		
					those between		
					acquaintances, friends,		
					relatives and families		
	-To learn how to be safe	How do we keep safe?	How can we keep safe in	What are the rules that	How can we keep safe in	How can we be safe online	What can we do about
	through role play, for	Keeping safe in familiar	different places?	keep us safe?	our local area?	and using social media?	<u>risk?</u>
	example: construction	and unfamiliar situations;	Rules for keeping safe in	Importance of school	Managing risk in familiar	Keeping safe and well	Increased independence
	area.	household products	different places; including	rules for health and	situations and the local	using a mobile phone;	and responsibility;
		(including medicines) can	online; people who work	safety; hygiene routines;	environment; feeling	strategies for managing	strategies for managing
		be harmful; secrets and	in the community; asking	difference between	negative pressure and	personal safety online;	risk; different influences;
		surprises;	for help; including in an	appropriate and	managing this;	managing requests for	resisting unhelpful
		appropriate/inappropriate	emergency	inappropriate touch; how	recognising and managing	images; personal	pressure; personal safety;
		touch; who helps keep us	-To learn the rules for and	to respond; keeping safe	dares; actions affect	boundaries;	managing requests for
		safe; asking for help		in local environment; how		H22. strategies for keeping	
		-To understand that	and emotionally safe	to get help in an	people who help them	safe online; the	behaviours affect
		household products,	including responsible ICT	emergency; people who	stay healthy and safe	importance of protecting	wellbeing; how to handle
Health and Wellbeing skill		including medicines, can	use and online safety,	help them stay safe	-To be able to differentiate	personal information,	anti-social or aggressive
<u>two:</u>		be harmful if not used	road safety, cycle safety	-To learn the school rules	between the terms, 'risk',	including passwords,	behaviours
Safety and Risk		properly	and safety in the	about health and safety,	'danger' and 'hazard'	addresses and the	-To be able to
		-To learn the rules for and	environment, rail, water	basic emergency aid	-To be able to recognise,	distribution of images of	differentiate between the
		ways of keeping physically	and fire safety	procedures, where and	predict and assess risks in	themselves and others	terms, 'risk', 'danger' and
		and emotionally safe	-To learn about people	how to get help	different situations and	H24. the responsible use	'hazard'
		including responsible ICT	who look after them, their	-To understand that	decide how to manage	of mobile phones: safe	-To be able to recognise,
		use and online safety, road	family networks, who to	bacteria and viruses can	them responsibly	keeping (looking after it)	predict and assess risks in
		safety, cycle safety and	go to if for help if they are	affect health and that	(including sensible road	and safe user habits (time	different situations and
		safety in the environment,	worried about they are	following simple routines	use and risks in their local	limits, use of passcode,	decide how to manage
		rail, water and fire safety	worried and how to	can reduce their spread	environment) and to use	turning it off at night etc.)	them responsibly
		-To learn about people	attract their attention	-To develop strategies for	this as an opportunity to	H25. how to manage	(including sensible road
		who look after them, their	-To learn about the ways	keeping physically and	build resilience	requests for images of	use and risks in their local
		family networks, who to go	that pupils can help the	emotionally safe including	-To be able to recognise	themselves or others;	environment) and to use
		to if they are worried and	people who look after	road safety (including	how their increasing	what is and is not	

how to attract their	them to more easily	cycle safety- the	independence brings	appr
attention	protect them	Bikeability programme),	increased responsibility to	shar
-To learn about the ways	-To be able to recognise	and safety in the	keep themselves and	they
that pupils can help the	that they share a	environment (including	others safe	are o
people who look after	responsibility for keeping	rail, water and fire safety)	H13. how pressure to	requ
them to more easily	themselves and others	-To learn about people	behave in unacceptable,	-Τo ι
protect them	safe, when to say, 'yes',	who are responsible for	unhealthy or risky ways	boui
-To be able to recognise	'no', 'I'll ask' and 'I'll tell'	helping them stay healthy	can come from a variety of	wha
that they share a	including knowing that	and safe; how they can	sources, including people	shar
responsibility for keeping	they do not need to keep	help these people to keep	they know and the media	spec
themselves and others	secrets	them healthy and safe	H14. to recognise when	class
safe, when to say, 'yes',	-To learn about the	-To be able to judge what	they need help and to	and
'no', 'I'll ask' and 'I'll tell'	'special people' who work	kind of physical contact is	develop the skills to ask	to p
including knowing that	in their community and	acceptable or	for help; to use basic	-To
they do not need to keep	who are responsible for	unacceptable and how to	techniques for resisting	bou
secrets	looking after them and	respond	pressure to do something	wha
-To understand the	protecting them; how	-To understand the	dangerous, unhealthy,	shar
difference between secrets	people contact those	concept of 'keeping	that makes them	spec
and nice surprises (that	special people when they	something confidential or	uncomfortable or anxious	clas
everyone will find out	need their help, including	secret', when they should	or that they think is wrong	and
about eventually) and the	dialling	or should not agree to this	H21. strategies for keeping	to p
importance of not keeping	999 in an emergency.	and when it is right to	physically and emotionally	-To
any secret that makes		'break a confidence' or	safe including road safety	exai
them feel uncomfortable,		'share a secret'	(including cycle safety- the	pres
anxious or afraid			Bikeability programme),	soci
-To be able to judge what			and safety in the	imp
kind of physical contact is			environment (including	und
acceptable, comfortable,			rail, water and fire safety)	info
unacceptable and			H23. about people who	soci
uncomfortable and how to			are responsible for helping	misi
respond (including who to			them stay healthy and	mis
tell and how to tell them)			safe; how they can help	of b
			these people to keep them	forv
			healthy and safe	
			R7. that their actions	
			affect themselves and	
			others	
			R15. to recognise and	
			manage 'dares'	
				1

propriate to ask for or are; who to talk to if by feel uncomfortable or concerned by such a puest

understand personal undaries; to identify at they are willing to are with their most ecial people; friends; ssmates and others; d that we all have rights privacy

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be able to critically amine what is esented to them in cial media and why it is portant to do so; derstand how prmation contained in cial media can be srepresented or slead; the importance

peing careful what you ward to others

this as an opportunity to build resilience -To recognise and understand how pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky ways can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media -To recognise and understand how pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky ways can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media -To develop strategies for keeping safe online; the importance of protecting personal information, including passwords, addresses and the distribution of images of themselves and others -To develop strategies for keeping safe online; the importance of protecting personal information, including passwords, addresses and the distribution of images of themselves and others -To understand how to manage requests for images of themselves or others; what is and is not appropriate to ask for or share; who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable or are concerned by such a request -To be able to realise the consequences of antisocial, aggressive and harmful behaviours such

						as bullying and discrimination of individuals and communities; to develop strategies for getting support for themselves or for others at risk
N/A Sex and Relationships Education (SRE) Drug and Alcohol Education (DAE)	Growing and Changing-To understand that babiesbecome children and thenadults-To know the differencesbetween boy and girlbabiesFamilies and Care-Know there are differenttypes of families-Know which people wecan ask for helpKeeping Clean-To understand some basichygiene principles	Differences: Boys and Girls - Understand that some people have fixed ideas about what boys and girls can do - Describe the difference between male and female babies Differences: Male and Female -To be able to describe some differences between male and female animals - Understand that making a new life needs a male and a female Naming the Body Parts - Describe the physical differences between males and females - Name the male and female body parts	Differences: Male andFemale-Know some differencesand similarities betweenmales and females-Name male and femalebody parts using agreedwordsFamily Differences-Understand that allfamilies are different andhave different familymembers-Identify who to go to forhelp and supportPersonal Space-To identify different typesof touch that people likeand do not like-To understand personalspace-To talk about ways ofdealing with unwantedtouch	Growing and Changing -Describe the main stages in the human lifecycle -Describe the body changes that happen when a child grows up Puberty -Discuss male and female body parts using agreed words -Know some of the changes which happen to the body during puberty Puberty Changes and Reproduction -Know about the physical and emotional changes that happen in puberty -Understand that children change into adults so they are able to reproduce	Male and Female Changes-Understand how puberty affects the reproductive organs-Describe how to manage physical and emotional changesTalking about Puberty -Explain the main physical and emotional changes that happen during puberty -Ask questions about puberty with confidencePuberty and Hygiene -Explain how to stay clean during puberty -Describe how emotions change during puberty -Know how to get help and support during puberty	Puberty and Reproduction-Describe how and whythe body changes duringpuberty in preparation forreproduction-Talk about puberty andreproduction withconfidenceUnderstandingRelationships-Discuss different types ofadult relationships withconfidence-Know what form oftouching is appropriateConception andPregnancy-Describe the decisionsthat have to be madebefore having a baby-Know some basic factsabout pregnancy andconceptionCommunicating inRelationships-To have considered whenit is appropriate to sharepersonal/privateinformation in arelationships
		<u>Risk</u> - To know what is safe or unsafe		Effects of Alcohol -To know what alcohol is and how it affects the body	Legal and Illegal Drugs -To know about a range of legal and illegal drugs	<u>Cannabis</u>

Staying Healthy -To identify how to stay healthy Medicines -To know how medicines get into our bodies To know why people use medicines -To understand that some people need to take medicines all the time to stay healthy Who Gives us Medicines? -To know when we should take medicines and who should give them to us -To know the rules about	 To know when something is too risky Hazardous Substances To know that some things we put into our bodies can harm us To know some rules about keeping safe Safety Rules To be able to follow safety instructions and rules at home and at school 	 Why People Smoke To know how smoking affects people To consider why people smoke Physical Effects of Smoking To know some of the effects of smoking on the body To know about passive smoking No Smoking To know the rules and laws to prevent smoking To be able to make the positive choice not to smoke 	 -To understand that everyone will be affected differently by alcohol <u>Alcohol and Risk</u> -To know there are risks to drinking alcohol <u>Limits to Drinking Alcohol</u> -To know some laws about drinking alcohol -To consider ways of persuading people to drink alcohol sensibly 	-To have some understanding of the effects and risks of illegal drugs Attitudes to Drugs -To explore attitudes to drug use -To understand that all sorts of people may misuse drugs -To challenge myths about drug use Peer Pressure -To know a range of skills to resist peer pressure -To develop some assertiveness skills	 -To know what effect cannabis can have on your health and life -To know the legal consequences of using cannabis VSA and Getting Help -To know the effects and risks of volatile substance abuse -To know how to get and to give help Help. Advice and Support -To know how and where to get support if an online relationship goes wrong -To have practised communicating with adults -To know how to access help and support
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